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Report from Habana—Inspection and fumigation of vessels.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Amesse reports, May 11:

Week ended May 9.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued	18
Vessels not inspected and bills of health issued	4
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected	901
Members of crews of outgoing vessels not inspected	101
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected	610
Certificates of immunity to yellow fever issued	54
Vessels fumigated prior to sailing	5

No cases of yellow fever were reported in the city or province of Habana during the week.

*Report from Matanzas—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—
Leprosy—Summary for month of April.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, May 5:

Week ended May 2. Bills of health were granted to 8 vessels clearing for United States ports in good sanitary condition. Of these, the British steamship *Caribbee*, having 26 members of crew, no passengers, destined for New Orleans, was fumigated April 29. The first vessel of the Munson Steamship Line, the Norwegian steamship *Maud*, comprised in the fruit-trade regulations, arrived at this port May 2 from Mobile direct. She anchored in open bay, and as soon as the vessel was granted free pratique by the Cuban authorities, the sanitary guard of this service sent from Habana was stationed on board. He proceeded with the vessel to Habana by way of several Cuban ports. A careful inspection of the vessel and crew was made and a certificate issued to that effect when the vessel was about to leave this harbor.

An additional case of leprosy of 2 years' residence in this city was reported during the week. The case is in a Spanish woman. No information can be obtained as to the origin of the contagion. The patient has been suffering with the disease for the last three y ars. No disposition has as yet been made of the case.

No quarantinable diseases have been reported.

The annual rate of mortality per thousand for the ten days, April 20 to 30, was 25.69; estimated population, 35,515.

During the month of April, 1908, 21 bills of health were issued to vessels clearing for United States ports, having 311 members of crews and 18 passengers in transit for various Cuban ports; 5 vessels leaving for Gulf ports were fumigated. No fruit vessel cleared at this port during the month.

There were no quarantinable diseases reported within the province during the month.

The total number of deaths from all causes in the city during the month was 63, which corresponds to an annual mortality rate of 21.28 per mille.

*Report from Santiago—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—History
of yellow fever case reported May 2.*

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, May 5:

Week ended May 2. Bills of health issued to 4 vessels bound for the United States and its dependencies. The Cuban steamship *Julia*, bound for San Juan, Porto Rico, via Santo Domingo, was fumigated to kill mosquitoes.

In regard to the case of yellow fever at Santiago reported May 2 as having been officially confirmed May 1 [Public Health Reports, May 8, 1908, page 614], Doctor Guiteras saw the case May 1, declared it yellow fever, and ordered the fumigation of the city block where the man had lived in town and of the barracks at Daiquiri.

The history of the case is as follows: F. V. R., age 43, white, Spaniard, living in Cuba twenty months, at Daiquiri. April 15, came to Santiago, staying at a hotel on Baracones street, in the old infected zone. April 17, returned to Daiquiri; April 21, was taken sick; April 22, returned to Santiago; April 24, went to the Sanatorio de la Colonia Española.

New case of yellow fever at Santiago.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports:
May 18. One case yellow fever.

CURAÇAO.

Quarantine against La Guaira—Rat destruction.

Consul Cheney reports, April 25:

Quarantine against La Guaira, Venezuela, on account of plague, has been established at this point, and strenuous measures are being taken by the colonial government to guard against the disease, including as far as possible the extermination of rats. A bounty is paid for every dead rodent.

ECUADOR.

Report from Quito—Commission for railroad hygiene and sanitation established to prevent the spread of plague.

The following is received from Minister Fox, through the Department of State, under date of April 8:

By executive decree a special railroad hygiene and sanitation commission has been created to operate in the territory between Alansi and Duran, having for its purpose the preventing of the spread of bubonic plague farther into the interior of Ecuador.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Puerto Barrios, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wailes reports as follows:

Week ended May 5. Present officially estimated population, 250. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.
Apr. 30	Belize.....	Mobile.....	18
May 2	Bradford.....	New York.....	41
5	Mobile.....	New Orleans.....	50	28